

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

From Friday, January 11, to Friday, January 18, 1739.

From the Imperial Camp at Sardock, August 22.

THE Body of 30,000 Ottomans which followed the Imperial Army into the Bannat, has advanc'd as far as Boreza, near the Danube, and 3000 of them have taken Possession of an Island over against Belgrade, at the Mouth of the Temes.

A Courier is arriv'd here with Letters from Count Munich, advising the Imperialists not to be too forward in concluding a Peace, because he was in Condition of making a very Advantageous Diversion, and even of coming, in Case of Need, into the Bannat of Temeswaer. These Letters were immediately sent to Count Neuperg, who was then at the Camp of the Grand Vizir; he communicated the Contents to that Prime Minister, who discover'd no Uneasiness at the Relation; but, however, thereupon held a Divan, and fresh Orders were sent to the Bashaws of Orsova, Widdin, &c.

The following is an Extract of a Letter from a foreign Minister at Petersburg.

"The Court of Russia is obliged to that of Denmark, for not having been attack'd this Year by Sweden: People, however, here, are thoroughly persuaded, that next Spring Sweden will certainly make an Attempt to recover the conquer'd Provinces; unless Russia should, in the mean Time, be prevail'd upon to restore them. 'Twas with a View of backing, in the most effectual Manner, the Claim of Sweden thereto, that the Court of France entertain'd Thoughts of sending the Marquis de la Chetardie to the Court of Petersburg. The Ministry of this last Court is well inform'd of the Design of that Assembly, and does not appear greatly to dislike it, being rather inclin'd to consent, that Part, at least, of those Provinces should be restor'd to Sweden, than to quarrel at this Juncture with that Nation."

Private Letters by the last French Mail bring, that in Answer to the Complaints of the Court of France, in Relation to some Papers having been taken out of a Ship from Havre de Grace by Admiral Haddock, the British Ambassador there, pursuant to Orders from his Court, has declar'd, that the Ship in Question was taken for a Spanish Vessel, and as it carried Colours which Ships of that Nation always carry, it could be taken for nothing else: That if, as it ought to have done, it had carried French Colours, Admiral Haddock, to be sure, would not have stop'd it; but as it carried false Colours, he was justifiable in what he did: That his Britannick Majesty would, as the Court of France desir'd, send fresh Orders to Admiral Haddock not to stop Ships which carried French Colours; but it was at the same Time hoped, that his most Christian Majesty would also hinder the Ships of his Subjects from being employ'd in any Services relating to the Differences between Great Britain and Spain; and that the Papers which had been taken from on board that Ship should be restor'd.

Advices in the Paris Letter, dated Aug. 28. N. S.

The 23d Instant the Marquis de la Mina, Ambassador from his Catholick Majesty, made his publick Entry at Versailles, and had an Audience of the King and Queen, in which he demanded Madame of France in Marriage, for the Infant Don Philip; his Excellency had likewise

an Audience of the Dauphin, and another of the Infanta, whom he complimented in Spanish, and at the same Time assured her Royal Highness, that he had received Letters from Madrid of the 17th with Advice, that the Infanta Donna Maria Theresa, was much better. The Marquis waited afterwards upon Mesdames of France.

The 24th the King received the Compliments of the Court on this Occasion; the next Day the Princess was betrothed, and the 26th the Duke of Orleans married her Royal Highness, in the Name of the Infant Don Philip. In the Evening the Firework was play'd off at Versailles.

An Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated Sept. 4.

"The Marquis de Lucerne arriv'd the 28th of last Month at Brest, and has taken upon him the Command of the Squadron equipping in that Port. People talk differently of the Destination of that Squadron, which consists of 12 Men of War."

Hamburg, Sept. 4. The greatest Part of the English Sailors who were in this Town, and were demanded by the King of Great Britain, are return'd for England. They write from Holstein, that several Regiments of Foot and Horse, which are to be employed in the Service of the King of Great-Britain, keep themselves in Readiness to march.

London, Aug. 26. The Spanish Ambassador at the Hague has distributed there a Sort of Manifesto, containing 6 Pages, in Vindication of his Court in Regard to Great Britain. It is intitled, "The just Reasons which the King of Spain has had for not paying the 95,000 l. Sterling, stipulated in the Convention sign'd at the Parado, the 14th of January last" After having laid it down as undeniable Matter of Fact, That the Engagements of the Contract enter'd into at that Convention were reciprocally binding, it concludes from thence, that as soon as either of the two contracting Parties fails in the Execution of any of the Articles thereof, the other Party is exempt from fulfilling the Conditions which relate to it; and that the first Party which is wanting to perform the Articles of an Agreement, furnish'd the other with a just Pretence to fail on its Part also. It sets forth seven Breaches of the Convention, made by the Court of Great Britain. 1. In having revok'd the Order given to Admiral Haddock to return to England. 2. In not having dispatch'd the Orders specified in the Convention, to Georgia and Carolina. 3. In the South Sea Company's not complying with the Declaration of M. de la Quadra, to pay his Catholick Majesty 68,000 l. Sterling. 4. By the extraordinary Demands of the British Plenipotentiaries in the first Conferences. 5. In demanding the Restitution of an English Ship taken since the Ratification of the Convention. 6. In retarding the opening of the Conferences, and in shewing a Want of Confidence in his Catholick Majesty. 7. In the British Plenipotentiaries demanding a free Navigation, as the undoubted Right of the British Nation, notwithstanding the first Article of the Convention says, That the respective Pretences thereunto relating, should be regulated according to the Treaties subsisting between the two Nations in the future Conferences. The two last Pages are employ'd to prove by the Treaties of 1670, 1713, and 1724, the Dominium Mari Americani pretended to by the Catholick King, and that pursuant to all Treaties with other Nations, no other free Navigation is stipulated than to their Islands and Colonies.

London, Aug. 28. Last Sunday being the Birth-Day of the Rt. Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, Knight of the most Noble

Noble Order of the Garter, being born August 26, 1674, a grand Entertainment was given to a great Number of Persons of the first Rank, at his House at Chelsea.

London, Sept. 5. The Rev. Mr. Whitefield's Preaching is become so very offensive to the Clergy of this Kingdom, that 'tis said one of my Lords the Bishops a few Days since, went to the King to desire his Majesty to silence him: Upon which his Majesty enquired, whether he preach'd Treason, Sedition, &c. but none of these things being alledg'd against him, his Majesty seem'd at a Loss how to satisfy the Bishop; which a Noble Duke present observing, humbly propos'd, that in order to prevent Mr. Whitefield's preaching for the future, his Majesty would be graciously pleas'd to *make him a Bishop*.

London, Sept. 10. By a private Letter from on board the Revolution, Capt. George Bagwell, dated at Goa the 10th of January last, we are inform'd, that the said Ship was attack'd three Times by the famous Angria's People, with 9 Grabs, and 13 Callevats; that he fought them three Glisses, in which the Quarter and Rudder of the Commodore's Grab was shot away, with the Rudders, Main-Yards, and Top-Masts of the other Grabs, which afterwards being smartly fir'd on, they made off, but were pursued by the Revolution into four Fathom of Water. In the Engagement Angria's Admiral, and great Numbers of his People were killed, there being in the Grabs and Callevats 2260 Men, and half as many Lascars to work their Vessels; and only one of the Midshipmen of the Revolution was lost.

London, Sept. 17. The Sea-horse, of Admiral Had-dock's Squadron, has taken a rich Prize near Cadiz. On the other Hand, a Spanish Privateer has taken an English Ship in the Mediterranean, richly laden.

We hear there is a great Number of Privateers out, under Spanish Colours.

The Governor of Inverness has put the Magazines of that Place in Readiness, there appearing several strange Vessels upon the Coast.

By Letters from Cadiz, there is a Confirmation, that on the 7th Instant, an Order for the English to depart thence in 8 Days, was publish'd by Beat of Drum, the common Hangman attending the Officers; which, it seems, is the Custom in Spain, on the like Occasions.

We hear that a great Number of Spanish Troops, provided with all Things necessary for a Siege, have appeared on the Neck of Land at Gibraltar.

There are private Letters in Town, from Lisbon, which insinuate, That the King of Spain has signify'd to the King of Portugal, That unless he espous'd the Cause of Spain against Great Britain, he would send a Body of 40,000 Spaniards to the Frontiers of Portugal, in order to make a Descent into his Kingdom. And on the other Hand, we hear, That since the Emperor has made Peace with the Turks, 40,000 Dutch Forces are ordered to hold themselves in Readiness for Marching.

London, October 5. They write from the Hague, that the States General persist in not declaring themselves, in Answer to the Instances made by the Courts of France and Spain, to remain neuter in case of a War between Great Britain and Spain: Their High Mightinesses appear resolutely determined to wait the Event, before they resolve what Course will be most convenient for them to take. This they have already declar'd to the Marquis de Fenelon; and at the same time have given him to understand, that the Preparations which are making in several Parts of France, give room to believe, that the Intention of that Court was, in case of a War, to join with Spain; and that, if it should so happen, there was great Likelihood that the Republick would, on it's Part, join with Great Britain; and the more so, as the common Security of the two Powers would absolutely require it.

Bristol, Aug. 11. To shew our Countrymen that the Injuries and Insults of the haughty Spaniards are not to be pass'd over with Impunity, the injur'd Merchants of this City are now fitting up for Privateers, the Hanover and Eagle, two of the South Sea Company's late Whale Boats, and two of the largest Vessels belonging to this Port; also the Westmoreland, and the Barclay, Capt. Stockdon, which last is compleated, and only waits for the Letter of Marque.

Dublin, Sept. 11. Extract of a Letter from a General Officer in the Imperial Army, to the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Mountgarret.

" Among all those brave Men who lost their Lives at the Battle of Krotzka, none is so much lamented by us all, as Mr. Anthony Barnwell, the Ld Trimblestown's youngest Son: He came into Germany 2 Years ago, then a Youth of about 16 Years of Age; in a short Time after his Arrival, he obtained a Cornecy in General Hamilton's Regiment of Carabassiers, where his good Sense, Humility, Good-nature, and truly honest worthy Principles, gained him the Love and Esteem of all who had the least Acquaintance with him. We have had scarce an Action of any Note with the Turks, since his Arrival, that he was not in, and always acquitted himself with an uncommon Resolution. The Day before the Battle of Krotzka, he was made a Lieutenant; the next fatal Day, the Regiment in which he had his Commission, was one of the first that charged the Enemy; at the very first Onset, his Captain and Cornet were kill'd; then he took up the Standard, tore off the Flag, ty'd it round his Waist, and commanded the Troop; he led it twice to the Charge, and was as often repuls'd; the third Time he turned himself to his Men, and said, *Come on my brave Men, we shall certainly now do the Work; follow me.* He then set Spurs to his Horse, and pierced into the thickest of the Enemy, where he was surrounded and cut to Pieces, after having defended himself for a considerable Time with amazing Courage, killing and wounding those who assailed him; 'till at last, quite cover'd over with Wounds, he fell; and left such an Example of true Courage and Bravery, as cannot fail of being admired by all who shall hear of it; but, I doubt, will be imitated by very few.

" P. S. Mr. Macguire, Mr. Nugent, and Mr. Nangle, Gentlemen of Ireland, who behav'd themselves with great Bravery, were likewise kill'd in this Battle, with several other Irish Volunteers.

Extract of a Letter from Newport, dated Nov. 3.

We have just now received Advice by Way of New-London, that all the English Vessels at the French Islands are stop'd, and those at Martinique are unrigg'd.

From the Boston News-Letter, Nov. 15.

Part of a Letter from a Reverend Minister in England to his Friend in Boston, April 25, 1739.

" What has employ'd the Thoughts, Pens, and Tongues of many of late, has been the Rise of the new *Methodists*, as they are commonly call'd. They are run down by many, but God seems to be raising them (especially Mr. Whitefield) for very important Ends. They are look'd upon as *Enthusiasts* by most of their Brethren, but I suppose chiefly because they very much insist on the Doctrine of Faith, and the Necessity of the New Birth; the latter is the favourite Subject of Mr. Whitefield. After preaching to the most crowded Auditors in London and Bristol, they have excluded him all the Churches in the latter Place; which has obliged him to retire into the Villages and Fields adjoining, where he has been preaching to Thousands, and a great many have been deeply impress'd under his Ministry, so that the Congregations have broke up in Tears, and many crying out, *What shall we do to be saved?* And even among the *Colliers* in *King'swood* there seems to be a good Work begun, and in many Places a great Noise among the dry Bones from a Celestial Wind among them. In some Part of Wales the Face of Things seems to be changed from Stupidity and Profaness, to Piety."

B O S T O N, November 26.

Extract of a Letter from on board the Squirrel Man of War, at Charles Town, to a Gentleman in Boston.

Let you know, that we have had the Fortune of taking about 3 Weeks ago, off St. Augustine, a Spanish Vessel, the Crew consisting of 9 Men; her Cargo was Flour, Butter, &c. which they had bought of Capt. Kip, of New-York, who is there at present, but dares not venture out, for fear of being made a Prize. Our Prize had

had also on board 700 Ounces of Silver: Our Captain has used the Spanish Crew with the utmost Humanity. We arriv'd here about a Week ago with the Prize; & shall sail again on another Cruise in about 10 Days, with Two or Three Men of War. We have News, that General Oglethorpe is going with a great Army both of Soldiers and Indians, to take St. Augustine: This Day our Captain had a Letter from him, which was sent with all possible Haste; which I suppose is for us to dispatch for that Place. The rebellious Negroes are quite stop'd from doing any further Mischief, many of them having been put to the most cruel Death, as Examples to others. The yellow Fever is abated; but has been very mortal.

From the New-York Journal, Novemb. 26.

Mr. Zenger,

Please to give the following Lines on the Reverend Mr. WHITEFIELD, a Place in your Journal; and you'll oblige many of your Readers, as well as your Humble Servant, &c.

WHITEFIELD! That Great, that pleasing Name
Has all my Soul possess'd:
For sure some Seraph from above
Inspires his Godlike Breast.

He comes commission'd from on High,
The Gospel to proclaim;
And thro' the wide extended World
To spread the Saviour's Name.

See! See! He comes, the heav'nly Sound
Flows from his charming Tongue;
Rebellious Men are seiz'd with Fear,
With deep Conviction stung.

Lis'n'ing we stand with vast Surprise,
While Rapture chains our Powers,
Charm'd with the Musick of his Voice;
Nor know the passing Hours.

Blasphemers hear the dreadful Sound,
Inspir'd with trembling Awe;
While he declares their crimson Guilt,
And loud proclaims the Law.

While, **WHITEFIELD**, to thy sacred Strain,
Surpriz'd we listen still,
Immortal Heights we seem to reach,
Celestial Transports feel.

Approach ye Mortals here below,
And flock around the Song;
With Pleasure hear the Saviour's Name
Sound from a mortal Tongue.

JUVENUS.

Philadelphia, Nov. 29. On Friday last the Rev. Mr. Whitefield arriv'd here with his Friends from New-York, where he preach'd eight Times; and on his Return hither preach'd at Elizabeth-Town, Brunswick, Maidenhead, Trenton, Newbarny, and Abingdon. He has preach'd twice every Day in the Church to great Crowds, except Tuesday, when he preach'd at German-Town, from a Balcony to about 5000 People in the Street: And last Night the Crowd was so great to hear his farewell Sermon, that the Church could not contain one half, whereupon they withdrew to Society-Hill, where he preach'd from a Balcony to a Multitude, computed at not less than 10,000 People. He left this City to day, and is to preach at Chester; to morrow at Willings-Town, Saturday at New-Castle, Sunday at Whiteclay-Creek, and so proceed on his Way to Georgia, thro' Maryland, Virginia, and Carolina.

Philadelphia, December 6. On Thursday the 29th past, the Rev. Mr. Whitefield left this City, and was accompanied to Chester, by about 150 Horse, and preach'd there to about 7000 People; on Friday he preached

twice at Willings-Town to about 5000; on Saturday at New-castle, and the same Evening at Christian-Bridge; on Sunday at White-Clay Creek he preach'd twice, resting about Half an Hour between the Sermons, to about 8000 People, of whom about 3000 it's computed came on Horseback; and tho' it rain'd most of the Time, yet they patiently stood in the open Air. He then proceeded on his Journey, preaching to Multitudes where ever he went.

WILLIAMSBURG, January 18.

A Sloop is arriv'd at Hampton, from Jamaica, the Captain of which brings an Account, That the Diamond Man of War, had taken a 20 Gun Spanish Man of War, with a Brigantine under her Convoy, as they were going to Porto Bellos. He says, he saw them at Jamaica, and that the Brigantine had 200,000 Pounds on Board.

We hear, that Admiral VERNON has been to visit Carthagena, and having taken a View of it, went directly to Jamaica, where he rais'd all the Men he possibly cou'd, and is gone with them, and more Ships, back to Carthagena, with Design, it's said, to attack that Place with Vigour.

Since our last, the Snow Dove, Capt. John Andrew, who sail'd from Glasgow 2 or 3 Days before Capt. Col-lin Dunlop, arriv'd in James River; and is gone to Nanfemond. He says he saw two or three Ships on the Coast, near the Capes; he spoke with one of them, which came from Liverpoole; and there was another large one, which he believes to be a Londoner; but the hard Winds that came on just after his Arrival, it's suppos'd have blown them off.

ADVERTISEMENT S.

THE Subscriber intends to lay out One Hundred Lots, or Half Acres, with convenient Streets, after the Model of PHILADELPHIA, for a TOWN, at Warwick, in Henrico County, as soon as the whole Number of Lots are subscrib'd for, at Ten Pistoles for each Lot: And will give, for the Use of the Subscribers, about Thirty Acres of Low-ground, between the Lots and the River, for a Common, which is very convenient for Pasture or Meadow-land. ----- There can be no just Objection made to the Situation, it being attended with all the Conveniences necessary for a Trading Town.

Richard Randolph.

Tol'n from a Plantation belonging to Col. John Martin, on James River, about the 3d of this Instant; a Gelding of a Sorrel Colour, except his Face, Legs, and Mane, the two former of which were remarkably White, and the latter of a Flaxen Colour; branded on the Buttock W P; marked on the near Ear by a Notch in it; short dock'd, a Trotter, very fat, and between 13 and 14 Hands high. Whoever brings the said Gelding to the said Mullin, or the Subscriber, in King and Queen County, shall have for the Gelding, and Thief, Four Pistoles; and for the Gelding alone, Three Pistoles.

John Martin, Jun.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in New-Kent County, on the 23d of December last, an indentured Servant, named Arthur Clarke, a Carpenter by Trade, aged about 26 or 27, of a middle Stature. He wore, when he went away, a Green Jacket and Breeches, an Oznabrig Shirt, a white Linen Cap, and a Felt Hat; and it's suppos'd he has now got a Dark Cambrer Coat, which he procur'd by working at his Trade, in Prince-George County, when he ran away a short Time before. Whoever brings the said Servant to me, in New-Kent County aforesaid, shall be rewarded according to Law: And if any Person entertains him after this Publication, be it at his Peril. Paul Menitree.

Tol'n or Stray'd, on the 16th of October last, from Mr. Ambrose Joshua Smith's Plantation on Beaver Creek, in Hanover County, a Chesnut Sorrel Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Eye of a Hoe; has never been dock'd, but the Hair has been trimm'd under his Tail, which makes it like a Switch Tail. He is about 10 Years old, is a likely Horse, and paces well. Whoever brings the said Horse to Mr. Christopher Smith, at Mr. John Snellon's, in Hanover County, shall have a Pistole Reward.

A LIST of the Ships and Vessels, Entered in the Upper District of James River, from September 29, 1739, to December 25, 1739.

Time of Entry.	Vessel's Name.	Masters Names.	From whence.	Hogsh. of Rum.	Punchoon of Rum.	Barrels of Rum.	Hogsh. of Molasses.	Pieces of Molasses.	Hogsh. of Sugar.	Pieces of Ditto.	Barrels of Ditto.	General Cargo.
Oct. 2.	Brig. Nancy.	Elias Kingston,	Boston,	7			2		4			12 Hogsheds of Salt, 9 Casks of bottled Beer, and some Wooden and Iron Ware.
4.	Schooner Mary,	Charles Byles,	Salem, District,	5			2					2 Barrels of Mackerel, and some Wooden and Iron Ware.
23.	Sloop Anne,	W. Richardson,	Lower District,	2								2 Barrels of Train Oyl, and 300 Bushels of Salt.
Nov. 28.	Sloop Mary,	Jr. Broome,	Lower District,	10			2					1000 Bushels of Salt.
29.	Sloop Neptune,	Tho. Priggar,	Lower District,	2			4					1000 Bushels of Salt, and 1 Kilderkin of Sugar.
Dec. 3.	Sloop Anne,	F. Hodgdon,	St. Christopher's,				5					Cath. 937 L. & 1 Negro, (belonging to Col. B. Harrison.)
8.	St. Charming Anne,	Henry Taylor,	Jamaica,	2			5		11			1 Hogsh. of Salt, and 20 Barrels of Mackerel.
20.	St. Four Brothers,	Josiah Parsons,	Lower District,				5					3 Pieces of Garlix.
21.	St. Mary & Elizabeth,	James Hobbs,	Boston,	10			3		2			
In all				36	4	61	26	1	12	2	19	

A LIST of the Ships and Vessels, Clear'd out of the Upper District of James River, from September 29, 1739, to December 25, 1739.

When Clear'd.	Vessel's Names.	Masters Names.	Whither Bound.	Hogsh. of Tobacco.	Hogsh. of Skins.	Barrels of Skins.	Slaves.	General Cargo.
Oct. 2.	Sloop Lucy,	Tho. Greenman,	Lisbon,	184			1950	Bushels of Wheat, and 16 Barrels of Flour.
9.	St. Martha and Sally,	William Winkie,	London,	531	8	1	4000	4 Pipes of Madeira Wine.
13.	Ship Anna,	Fa. Strachan,	London,				21	Pipes of Ditto, and 1500 Feet of Plank.
Nov. 5.	Schooner Experiment,	Joseph Nisbett,	Madeira,				2262	Bushels of Wheat.
13.	Schooner Mary,	Charles Byles,	Boston,				1200	Bushels of Ditto, 24 Bushels of Corn, 17 Bushels of Beans, and 120 lb. of Tallow.
24.	Snow Phoenix,	William Sperry,	Bristol,	193	2		5000	
Dec. 10.	Brig. Nancy,	Elias Kingston,	Boston,	908	12	1	18000	1203 Bushels of Wheat, 31 Bushels of Beans, and 120 lb. of Tallow.
In all				908	12	1	18000	

A P U B L I S H M E N T S.

THIS is to give Notice, That there will be run for, at Mr. Joseph Seawell's, in Gloucester County, on the First Thursday in April next, a Purse of Thirty Pounds, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding; all said Horses to carry 140, and Gallows to be allowed Weights for Inches; to pay One Pistole Entrance if a Subscriber,

if not, Two; and the Entrance Money to go to the Second Horse, &c. And on the Day following, on the same Course, there will be a Saddle, Bridle, and Housings, of Five Pounds Value, to be run for, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that never won a Prize of that Value Four Miles before; each Horse, &c. to pay Five Shillings Entrance, and that to go to the Horse that comes in Second. And on the Day following, there is to be run

for, by Horses not exceeding 13 Hands, a Hunting Saddle, Bridle, and Whip; each Horse to pay Two Shillings and Six Pence at Entrance, to be given to the Horse that comes in Second: Happy is he that can get the highest Rider.
N. B. The Gentlemen that are Subscribers for the Purse, are desir'd to pay their Money to Mr. William Nelson at York, or to Mr. Ralph Wormley, of Middlesex.

TO be Sold by Way of Outcry, at the House of Mr. William Rogers, of York Town, deceas'd, on Tuesday the 22d of this Instant, and to continue till all are Sold, all the Household Goods, Cattle, and Horses; also 6 very good draught Steers, 3 Carts, a Parcel of Wheat, and Salt, a large Parcel of old Iron, a Parcel of Stone and Earthen Ware, a good Worm Still, a very good Horse Mill to go with one Horse: Also a new Sloop, built last March, with all new Rigging, and very well fitted, with 2 very good Boats; and several other Things. Credit will be given till the First Day of April come Twelve Months, giving Bond and Security as usual.

Just Publish'd, The Rev. Mr. WHITEFIELD's Sermon, on The Indwelling of the Spirit, the common Privilege of all Believers, Printed and Sold by WILLIAM PARKS. Price 7^d.